

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 14, 1904.

SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

ALASKA CABLE LINES

Report of Successful Experiment in Government Ownership of Telegraph.

SYSTEM BUILT BY THE SIGNAL CORPS

It Comprises 2,000 Miles of Cable and 1,439 Miles of Land Lines.

HANDLES FEDERAL AND STATE MESSAGES

All Important Points in Touch with Territory Now

SAME SYSTEM IN PHILIPPINES

Sixteen of the Largest Islands Are Now Connected and Last Year Two Million Private Messages Were Sent.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—General A. W. Greely, chief signal officer of the United States army, in his annual report gives an interesting account of the work performed by his corps in establishing an all-American telegraphic system in Alaska, saying the undertaking is unique in the annals of telegraph engineering. The cables used in the Alaska system would reach from Newfoundland to Ireland, and the land lines from Washington to Alaska, there being 5,000 miles of cable, 1,439 miles of land lines and 197 miles of wireless lines. General Greely says the United States has brought southeastern Alaska, the Yukon valley and the Behring straits region into telegraphic communication with the rest of the civilized world. General Greely says that after thorough consideration he has decided to install a telegraphic system, to be operated by American soldiers and to be paid by American ships, except some cable instruments and machinery.

How Repairs Are Made.
A selected force of men has been so trained that today the signal corps of the army is competent to operate in war emergencies a submarine cable of any length. The report says:

Repairs in Alaska are maintained by parties stationed at intervals of forty miles apart, one signal corps repair man, with his assistants, being at each cable station. The cable is repaired by the men with the use of a special tool, the men being equipped with the necessary tools and materials. The men are trained to handle the cable with a skill and speed characteristic of American soldiers.

The report says the Nome wireless station has daily and uninterrupted transmitted the entire telegraphic business of the arctic peninsula, 5,000 words being exchanged in one afternoon between Safety Harbor and St. Michael. The signal corps of the army, he says, is regularly operating the longest wireless section of any similar telegraphic system of the world. The annual business of the Seattle-St. Michael cable is estimated at \$25,000, and during the year there has been sent \$60,000 for Alaskan telegrams handled by the signal corps.

Cables in the Philippines.

Speaking of the Philippines, he says the sixteen most important islands of the archipelago are now connected with cables, which, he adds, are recognized as indispensable both by the military and civil authorities. During the year there has been collected and deposited in the insular treasury of the Philippines telegraphic receipts to the amount of \$29,000, there being, not including government business, more than 2,000,000 messages. The total expense being \$32,516. The report says it is a matter of the most important character that the cable system, which is being installed at the most important points along the Atlantic and Pacific to permit of intercommunication between the army and navy. It is strongly urged in the report that steps be taken to secure the States to adhere to the international telegraph union and that international regulations to govern wireless telegraphy in time of war be adopted.

STEAMSHIP RATE WAR IS ENDED

Canard Line to Become Member of Continental Association.

BERLIN, Nov. 13.—The rate war between the transatlantic steamship companies over the third class rates originating with the Cunard company's invasion of Hungarian territory is now a thing of the past, a two days' conference at which all the leading companies were represented having resulted in a treaty of peace. The terms of the agreement, which are subject to ratification by the Hungarian government, have not been made public, but it is stated that the Cunard company will join the association of continental lines so far as continental traffic is concerned. The agreement formerly in existence between the Cunard and the Continental lines will be resumed, the continental rates will be restored and all war measures withdrawn from today. Among the companies represented at the conference were the Hamburg-American, the North German Lloyd, the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique, the Cunard, the Red Star and the Adriatic-Hungarian lines. About thirty representatives of the various steamship companies participated in the conference.

PATLITIES IN RIOTS AT WARSAW

Two Policemen and Eight Civilians Are Killed.

WARSAW, Nov. 13.—There was rioting here today which was suppressed by the troops. Two policemen and eight civilians are reported to have been killed and thirty-one were injured.

SOLDIERS BEAT GERMAN CONSUL

Incident Which May Cause Trouble for Turkey

ALEPPO, Asiatic Turkey, Nov. 13.—Advices have been received here that Eckhardt, the German consul agent at Urfa, has been severely beaten by Turkish soldiers.

Friend of American Advanced.

PARIS, Nov. 13.—Baron D'Estournelles de Constant, heretofore a member of the Chamber of Deputies, was today elected a senator from Sarthe to succeed La-gueduc, deceased. Americans here are much pleased with the election of the baron owing to his prominence in the movement for strengthening the ties between the United States and France. Baron D'Estournelles' constituents declare that his election was a striking approbation of the policy of union and peace promoted by mutual concessions between European nations.

Perilous Are Announced.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 13.—The death is announced of the Vicar Catholicus Athanasius, together with his secretary, near Van. It is assumed they were assassinated.

ADOLPH WEBER ARRESTED

Young Man Charged with Murder of Father, Mother, Brother and Sister.

AUBURN, Cal., Nov. 13.—Adolph Weber has been placed under arrest charged with the murder of his parents, sister and young brother last Thursday night and with having set the family residence on fire, afterward to conceal the crime. Weber took his arrest coolly, but was later to what he considered to be his legal rights. The arrest took place immediately after he left the witness stand and after he had reluctantly answered the questions propounded to him by Coroner Shepard, the district attorney in this case. The jury men, a warrant for his arrest had been sworn out and after his service he asked to be allowed to read the document.

"I see it has been signed by a justice of the peace," he coolly remarked, "and a justice of the peace has authority in a warrant to issue a warrant to arrest me." Sheriff Keenan said he was himself perfectly satisfied with the legality of the warrant and advised Weber to accompany him to the jail without making any unnecessary trouble or causing a scene.

Weber, after carefully buttoning his coat, announced that he was ready and with little loss of time the sheriff brought him to the jail. The prison doors had scarcely closed behind him before he asked to be allowed to consult with an attorney.

The latest theory in the Weber murder case is that the murderer shot the father first, then, as the sister appeared in the hall, he shot her, and then the mother, seeing what had been done, screamed and rushed to the door. The mother, who continued on across the room and, raising her left hand, took down the telephone receiver to call for help, at which time she received the second shot, which penetrated the body just under the left arm. The child being the only one left, the mother struck him over the head and felled him. The operator at the central telephone office, says that the line that the Weber residence is on showed "busy" at about a half hour before the fire was discovered. Adolph Weber in the morning had nothing to say beyond that he had a good night's rest. No effort has been made as yet to get the young man out on a writ by his attorneys.

Weber's description is said to tally with that of the robber who recently robbed the bank here. It will be recalled that after the daring robbery in the middle of the day, the robber drove rapidly down the road leading toward New Castle for about a half mile and then left the rig and took to the hills at the time Mr. T. S. Palmer went to his home and being an expert rifle shot, took his rifle with him and went after the robber. Upon reaching the spot where the buggy was abandoned he noticed a man climbing the hill on the opposite side of the road from that which the robber was supposed to have taken. Upon overtaking the man he found him to be Adolph Weber. Julius Weber missed one of his home-made money bags about this time, which tallied very closely with the one used by the man who held up the bank.

No evidence has developed today except the finding of the pistol ball that penetrated Mr. Weber's body. The doctors at the autopsy found the wound and last night undertaker Walsh found the bullet. It was of the same caliber as that of the two found in the bodies of Mrs. Weber and Miss Weber. Nothing has yet been found in the bodies that would materially aid in unraveling the mystery. The search will be continued tomorrow. The inquest will be resumed Tuesday.

JACKSON BOY'S SURRENDER

Men Wanted in West Virginia for Murder Driven from Mountains by Hunger and Cold.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Nov. 13.—H. O. and George Jackson, the two brothers of Montgomery for whom rewards have been offered by both state and county authorities, surrendered today and are in the county jail in Charleston. The men had been secreted in an abandoned coal mine just outside Montgomery and were driven to surrender by hunger and cold. Word was sent to Montgomery by a mountaineer and on the arrival of "Squire" Davis and his constables the men gave themselves up without a struggle. Since the shooting of Sheriff Daniel and their subsequent disappearance the men spent the time in the coal mine, secreted from their pursuers. The brothers, who were put on their track during this time they were without food and drink. The officials took the men around the town of Montgomery and by a roundabout way brought them to Charleston to avoid a riot, or a lynching. It was evidently occurred had the citizens of Montgomery discovered that the Jacksons had been apprehended. There are six prisoners now implicated in the Montgomery shootings. In the Charleston jail it is not considered safe to hold the hearing of any of them at the present time.

SURGEON DEFIES A MOB

Georgia Hospital Doctor Protects Wounded Patient from Would-Be Lynchers.

MACON, Ga., Nov. 13.—There have been no further developments today in the attack made on an early hour this morning on a hospital here, in which Frank Christian, the slayer of Fred Tharpe, lies wounded. No further attempt has been made by friends of the dead man to secure the person of Christian since Dr. Elder, the resident physician, drew his revolver and informed the mob that he would kill the first man who crossed the threshold. The members of the mob believed he meant what he said, for they took their departure and have not yet returned. While no anticipation of trouble is held by the authorities, a force of officers continue to guard duty and no effort to protect the wounded man will be left undone.

Christian, who was cut in the stomach during the affair which ended in his antagonist's death, is resting easily tonight and the attending surgeons are still of the belief that he will recover.

LAWYER COMMITS SUICIDE

Thomas Ewart of Marietta, Ohio, Hangs Himself While His Family Are at Church.

MARIETTA, O., Nov. 13.—The body of Thomas Ewart, a prominent lawyer of this county and well known in Marietta circles throughout Ohio, was found hanging from the balustrade of the stairs of the reception hall of his home here today when his family returned from church. Ewart was 59 years old and a graduate of Marietta college. Poor health is supposed to be the cause of the act of self-destruction.

MAJORITY IS EMBARRASSING

Not Enough House Employees to Go Round Among Republican Members.

CUTTING SOUTHERN REPRESENTATION
Many New Faces Will Be Seen in the Senate When It Meets in Extra Session After the Fourth of March.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—(Special).—There are several officials connected with the house of representatives who would have preferred to have a smaller republican majority in the next congress if they could have had their way. Whenever a new house is organized there is invariably a great deal of strife over the distribution of the patronage. Just as soon as the clerk, sergeant-at-arms, postmaster and doorkeeper are elected their troubles begin. Every member on the majority side of the house assumes that he has the right to have his share of the patronage.

Senator Hawley of Connecticut might succeed himself but for the feeble state of his health. He has been in the senate for many years and has been a member of the majority in every congress since 1877. He is a powerful man in legislative matters. But today his physical condition precludes the possibility and another and a younger or more vigorous republican will don his seat next March. He is a man of great intelligence who will be a great asset to the majority in the senate.

Utah will in all likelihood send ex-congressman Samuel H. Hays to succeed Mr. Kearns, and Montana is practically pledged to return "Tom" Carter to recapture the seat which he lost as a result of the election in Montana in 1900.

It is a foregone conclusion that Speaker Cannon will be re-elected at the first meeting of the new congress in December, 1905, and thus far nothing like opposition to the re-election of Major McDowell, the clerk of the house, Colonel Casson, the sergeant-at-arms, and Frank B. Lyons, the doorkeeper, has been developed. It is likely that many of the employees under these officials must give up their places to make way for the friends of the new men who are to come in with the tidal wave. The most important employees in the patronage lists are the official stenographers. There are five of these who receive an annual salary of \$3,000 each and in addition receive a month's extra pay each year by resolution of congress. Every one of the present force of the house and committee reporters has long experience and because of the technical knowledge of parliamentary procedure required of them they are not likely to be disturbed. In fact, the floor reporters are never changed, even when a party goes out of power.

But nearly all the other employees are retained only so long as the leaders require them. The congress is a force of several hundred of them in all, ranging from laborers at \$50 to \$60 per month, pages at \$5, to clerks at from \$2,000 to \$3,500. It is among this class that great anxiety is felt over the possibility of the new congress. The new congress will have for its key that they cannot stay on the rolls and no one can guess where the axe will fall.

Readjustment of Representation.

It is almost certain that one result of the great republican tidal wave, hand-dredge and available, will be the early attempt of Congressmen Crumpacker of Indiana to press to passage his bill to readjust the method of representation in the electoral college and in the house of representatives. The republican platform of 1904 declares in favor of such a program, and while there are many republicans who doubt the wisdom of antagonizing the southern states, it appears to be the party policy to push the Crumpacker bill. There is little probability of success with this measure in the senate this winter, but it is understood that the republican party is determined to force it through during the next two years, even if they are compelled to adopt the odious rule in the upper branch of congress as a preliminary.

Success in this direction will result in cutting down the number of congressmen from the southern states which has disfranchised the negro. Just what the total curtailment of southern representation will amount to as a result of the enactment of such a law is at present a matter of conjecture, but the whole number of congressmen in the electoral college and in the house of representatives will be somewhere between twenty-five and forty. Of course there will be a bitter fight before such legislation can be enacted, but the republican party is so strong in the present house and so much in the senate that there is no doubt whatever as to the outcome in the popular branch and a persistent campaign is very likely to result in success in the senate as well before the next congress is to be elected.

New Faces in Senate.

There will be a number of new faces in the United States senate when that body meets in extraordinary session at noon on March 4, next. Of the thirty senators whose terms expire with the close of the legislative day of March 3, 1905, a great many will be re-elected. But in addition will be succeeded by new men, and in addition Senator Fairbanks, elected vice president, will retire to make way for another. There are not less than ten aspirants for the seat to be thus vacated, including Congressman Landis and Governor Durbin. But Harry New, for many years a leading republican of Indiana and a son of John C. New, former treasurer of the United States, has announced his candidacy and it is believed here that he is likely to give all the rest a very lively race for the honor.

On Wednesday morning last the reports indicated that J. Edward Addicks had finally succeeded in securing the election of a majority of the legislature of Delaware favorable to his election to the senate. Addicks has been a member of the Delaware legislature for many years and has again failed and that there may be a deadlock once more. Now, however, word comes from Wilmington that Colonel Dupont has been decided upon as the candidate of the united republicans and he will probably be elected.

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BAD STORM STRIKES EAST

Telegraph and Telephone Communication is Slow and Uncertain.

TRAINS GREATLY DELAYED BY THE SNOW
Washington and Territory as Far South as South Carolina Visited by Snow—Wrecks Reported Along the Coast.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—As a result of a snowstorm which set in here shortly before 11 o'clock this morning, Washington tonight for several hours was completely cut out from telegraphic and telephonic connection with the outside world. Later a wire was obtained, but nothing south, north or east. Both telegraph companies report severe damage to their wires and their inability to get any messages through. Frequently at the railway stations developed the facts that trains were departing on time, but incoming trains were three or more hours late.

The snowfall of today was the first of the season, several inches covering the ground. It started with a drizzling rain, which later developed into a heavy wet snow. Local telephone service was seriously hampered.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 13.—Nearly an inch of snow fell in Knoxville and throughout the eastern part of the state today. The coldest weather of the season accompanied it.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 13.—The edge of the snowstorm, which visited the north and east, struck Atlanta this morning between 5 and 6 o'clock. The fall here was very light, but it is reported heavier in the northern part of the state.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 13.—The first snow of the season was reported from Anderson and Aiken, in the western and southern section of South Carolina today. The coldest weather of the season accompanied it.

WOODHOLE, Mass., Nov. 13.—The two-masted schooner Eucalyptus, Captain Nason of Rockland, Me., went ashore in the severe northeast gale shortly before dark tonight about three-quarters of a mile west of Tarpaulin cove on the island of Naushon. At sunset the sea was breaking over the craft, masthead high. No trace of the crew has been found and fears are entertained for their safety. The vessel is in a particularly exposed condition and the chances of its being saved are slight. The crew numbered four men and all were plainly seen when the vessel struck, but darkness set in almost immediately and nothing more was seen of the men or the vessel.

The nearest life-saving station on the north side of the Vineyard sound is at Cuttyhunk, twenty miles from Tarpaulin cove. On the south side of the sound there is a life saving station at Gay Head, but that is too far away to be of service in tonight's disaster. Keeper Caron had no boat left could be launched, and besides the sea was so high that nothing but a surf boat could possibly escape. Instant destruction. No lights were shown from the schooner after it struck and no answer was given to frequent hailings.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 13.—A snow, wind and rain storm which developed here early this morning continued throughout the day and night, caused an almost complete prostration of electric light, telegraph, telephone and trolley wires. A number of accidents were occasioned by the heavily charged wires during the day and this evening, but so far as known there has been no fatality.

With the exception of a few Western Union wires to Philadelphia and New York, Baltimore is cut off from communication with the other parts of the country.

The local weather observer sent out a warning this evening to masters of vessels to be on their guard against a heavy snowstorm which was expected to reach the Atlantic coast and is expected to reach this section tonight. Aside from the interruption to telegraphic and telephonic communication with the outside world and the minor accidents above referred to, there has been no serious results recorded at midnight.

CATTLE RUSTLERS KILLED

Show Fight When Officers Overtook Them and Result is Disasterous to Them.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 13.—One outlaw is dead and another is in jail mortally wounded as the result of a battle between cattle thieves and officers near Death, Nevada. Sheriff Clarke and deputy of Elko county caught Jim McKelvey and Charles Winslow in the act of skinning cattle of the Graham brand. When called upon to surrender they dropped behind the carcass of the animal and began firing at the officers. The latter sought shelter and for twenty minutes a duel continued. Finally McKelvey sprang to his feet and fired. The shot was returned and McKelvey fell dead. A few minutes later Winslow surrendered and was found to be mortally wounded.

He was placed in jail at Elko. Elko county has been troubled with cattle thieves for some time and the officers have been on the lookout for them. McKelvey was known throughout the country.

ATTENDANCE AT WORLD'S FAIR

Nearly Half Million Persons See the Big Show During the Week.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 13.—The following record of admissions for the past week was given out by the World's fair managers tonight:

Monday, November 7	70,770
Tuesday	79,479
Wednesday	61,649
Thursday	80,529
Friday	84,000
Saturday	122,193
Total	498,149

WRECK ON THE WABASH ROAD

Northbound Passenger Train Derailed Near St. Louis—Several Passengers Injured.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 13.—A northbound passenger train on the Wabash road was wrecked today north of St. Louis by a falling tree, injuring a number of passengers, some seriously. None were killed.

NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Fair Monday and Warmer in East Portion, Tuesday Fair.

Hour.	Temp.	Wind.	Rel. Hum.
5 a. m.	34	1 p. m.	40
6 a. m.	35	2 p. m.	41
7 a. m.	36	3 p. m.	42
8 a. m.	37	4 p. m.	43
9 a. m.	38	5 p. m.	44
10 a. m.	39	6 p. m.	45
11 a. m.	40	7 p. m.	46
12 m.	41	8 p. m.	47

FUSHIMI HOPING FOR PEACE

Indicates Belief War in the East Will End Within a Short Time.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—Prince Fushimi, member of the Japanese royal household, accompanied by a party of his countrymen and a retinue of servants, arrived in Chicago today over the Northwestern railway on his way to Washington to call on President Roosevelt and to visit the capitol and government offices. On arrival in Chicago the party was taken in charge by the Japanese consul, who looked after the entertainment of the visitors until tonight at 6 o'clock, when they left for the east over the Pennsylvania railroad.

"There is no question of national importance non any phase of eastern conditions that I care to discuss," said Prince Fushimi through his interpreter. "While Japan is not at peace we hope for a cessation of hostilities before long. My visit has no particular significance, except insofar as it may serve to strengthen the friendship that exists between Japan and the United States, but the visit has no connection with the war with Russia."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—His Imperial highness, Prince Sadanaru Fushimi, who is on his way to Washington from Japan, visits this country by order of the emperor as a desirable personage. First, to deliver to the president a special message of good will from the emperor from Japan, and second, to visit the world's fair at St. Louis, where Japan has a large exhibit.

While in Washington the president has designated Mr. Peirce, third assistant secretary of state, as his personal representative to attend upon the prince and arrange for his entertainment. Mr. Peirce will be assisted by Colonel Symons, and already several functions have been planned, including a dinner at the White House, a visit to the capitol and congressional library, a lunch by the secretary of state, a reception by the prince to the gentlemen of the diplomatic corps at the Astor hotel, a trip to Mount Vernon, and a dinner by the Japanese legation. From Washington the prince will go to the World's fair, where preparations are being made for his reception. He will assume his official character only in Washington and St. Louis and thereafter will travel in private.

The prince is essentially a soldier and followed the prince from early boyhood and distinguished himself in the China-Japanese war of 1894 and in the early stages of the present war with Russia.

WEARY OF LIFE'S STRUGGLE

Two Sisters Die in Each Other's Arms After Being Ejected from Home.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Locked in each other's arms on the bare floor of a dismantled flat in East Fifty-first street from which they had been dispossessed on Friday, two sisters, Louise and Valerie Abel, 44 and 38 years old, respectively, were found dead today. In the mouth of each was a rubber tube which conducted air from the other's lungs. The bodies of the two women were found in a room which had been used as a sleeping quarters. The sisters had been ejected from their home on Friday and had been sleeping on the floor since then. The police are investigating the case.

DYNAMITE WRECKS RESIDENCE

Home of Mayor Fay of Virginia, Minn., Blown Up—Threats Made Against Him.

VIRGINIA, Minn., Nov. 13.—A terrific explosion occurred in the rear of the residence of Mayor Fay early today and the handsome building is a mass of ruins. Fortunately no one was injured, but it would seem that the dynamite was placed in the rear of the house with the intention of killing the mayor as well as with the intention of wrecking the building.

For some time the mayor has been making a vigorous warfare on the violators of the national law, and threats have been made against him. There is no claim to the perpetrators of the crime.

FATAL AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT

Woman's Dress Catches in Chain of the Machine and She is Dragged to Death.

STOCKTON, Cal., Nov. 13.—Miss Anna Bুদ্ধ of this city, aged 22, was killed in an automobile accident today. She and a male companion were seated on the back of a three-seated vehicle, their feet hanging over the rear, when her dress was caught in the chain and she was thrown off and killed. A considerable distance along the pavement.

Mexican Sugar Trust Meets.

MEXICO, Nov. 13.—The Sugar Planters' union, at a meeting here, have considered the disposition of the surplus stock from the planters' crop. It is estimated that 10 per cent as soon as the planters commence grinding early next January. Another 10 per cent will be exported in February or March. Conservatively estimated the sugar crop 1905 will reach 250,000,000 pounds, of which the planters will control 150,000,000 pounds.